There is an hour of solemn gloom Which hangs the happiest bosom o'er; In which e'en beauty's fairest bloom And love's soft raptures joy no more; An hour, in which the lonely heart No passion feels save that of grief, When gushing tears unbidden start

And give the anguished soul relief.

'Tis when we view the sable bier, On which our early friends are laid, 'Tis when the last sad rites we hear, The requiem o'er their reliques said; 'Tis when in death we see reposed The form which beamed celestial fire; The eye in dark oblivion closed Which flashed on foes its vengeance dire.

'Tis when we see the lofty heart Which beaf to glory's call and love, At honor's voice no longer start Nor at the glance of beauty move;
'Tis when that heart which beat for us
With friendship's purest, holiest flame,
Pulseless; alas! the hallowed dust No longer hails that sacred name.

Each high wrought deed of gen'rous worth, With honor's fairest form impressed, Of him who, pillowed low in dust, On cold sod takes his "wakeless rest;" Each generous act of friendship dear, Pass bright before our mental eye, Claiming the tribute of a tear

For him who dwells beyond the sky. 'Tis then we feel the cords are burst, hich bound in one our kindred minds; 'Tis then we feel that we are dust, Our life but as the fleeting winds; But still one hope the bosom cheers

By deep regret and sorrow riven:-When we have passed this vale of tears, That we shall meet again in heaven.

#### AGRICULTURAL.

Extract from an Address of ATHANASIUS FENWICK, Esq. to the Agricultural Society of St. Mary's County, Md. published in the American Farmer. "The most rapid fortune that ever I knew . to be made, on land that was new when it was bought, was by a man named George Castor, a laboring man, who had amassed money enough to purchase 50 or 60 acres of land, and to retain in hand over and above the purchase, 4000 dollars He moved his family on this land, and for two years diligently devoted his whole time to manuring and improving, and expended all his surplus 4000 dollars in this way, and not till the third year after he had moved on the land, did he attempt to make a crop. When his

land was thus made capable of producing, and worth the labor of cultivation, he commenced making crops, and succeeded to make money fast and to become wealthy. "Farmers, who have not, like him, surplus money to begin with, and to maintain their families while putting it in a condition for cultivation, may, many of them, at least, spare more time and labor from the crop drench, which we continued to do frequentlies; and it appears to me, that no business of profit that ever was pursued by men, is so noon, we first observed some restlessness in profitable as labor, applied to manuring. If the horse, but could not yet rouse him on commerce, which yields 10 or 12 per cent. his feet; in this we succeeded about five per annum, on capital, can afford to pay 6 o'clock, and the good man offered me to take per cent to banks for the loan of money, my horse upon his wheat field, if I could manuring, which certainly yields at least 2 or 300 per cent. per annum, where we have not to buy the manure, and at least 50 little of the green wheat for about half an per cent where we have to pay for it, may also afford it. It is because it is too easy for again. No other inclosure being convenient, I was under the necessity to put the horse in from debt, that farmers have been long in a stable, which was dry. He had not any the habit of not calculating the best modes of food given him that night, except a few blades of corn fodder, which lay scattered in time and labor. What other business or trade, mercantile or mechanical, pursued so the stable. Next morning I went early to carelessly and with so little correct calculathe stable, and observed my horse standing, tion as farming is every where carried on, seemingly quite well. I put the saddle on would fail to make men bankrupts, and ut him, and walked my way further a few terly ruin them. Merchants are every day miles, leading the horse after me. Observbecoming bankrupts, with all the keenness ing the horse to walk well at his usual gate, and attention which they give to their busi-I wentured on him, and rode him. He walkness, while farmers hardly ever fail totally, in the worst of times, with infinitely less at ed as well as ever, nor was the least sign of sickness or stiffness observable on him, and tention to their interests. Does this not continued to be as well as ever before I shew what are the resources of land? The gave him, however, on the first day after his management of land is yet certainly not well founder no other food than some blades of understood; but it appears to me, that mocorn fodder. ney judiciously applied to land and cultiva-What virtue the sassafras root had, or if tion, may be made to yield a greater profit, than in any other way of employing it, usualit have any, to restore a foundered horse, I leave to others to determine. ly among men, particularly where land is as cheap as it is among us. We can buy it I have been a little verbose, but I think it better in this case, than merely to say, my from 10 to 30 dollars per acre, and such will horse was quite gone by the founder, and yield from 5 to 15 bushels per acre, and deducting 1-3 for the expense of cultivation, it | good health by a drench of the decoction of was wonderfully and quickly restored to yields from \$3 35 13 to 10 dollars per acre, when cultivated. To the 10 dollar sassafras root. land, apply 25 dollars worth of labor and P S No unsoundness was afterwards obmanure to each acre At the very cheap served in the hoofs of the horse.

rates that manure and labor can be obtained

than 150 per cent. profit in the increased va-

here, say for a man \$60 per annum, and 20 | It is, we believe, universally the practice of all

labor on one acre of one man. In two months, one man could cover an acre with

months, one man could cover an acre with that the animal ought not to be permitted to take

manure, with no other implements than a much at a time-and yet we very often hear of a

spade and a wheelbarrow: I choose this most | founder being produced by allowing the horse to

difficult and expensive mode, for the sake of example. A cover of one inch thick of many very fatal effects sometimes produced upon the hu-

and 10 more for maintenance, making for against which, as recommended by medical gentle-

the spade, wheelbarrow and all, \$25. This men, is first to chill or cool the wrists or hands

cover of one inch thick, would make this 10 dollar land yield the next year at least 25 water when taken by a man without this precaution,

bushels of wheat, or 1000 wt. of tobacco, or by a horse when much heated, has a tendency to

that is in wheat. \$25. in to bacco, \$80; deduct the third for cultivation, gives profit, \$17.66 2 3 for wheat, or \$53 33 1 3 profit in tobacco. With this tedious mode of

fit in tobacco. With this tedious mode of impoving it, this land would now only cost lowed to drink until he is stopped for the stage or

55 dollars the acre, and in one year after the day: and not then, until he becomes quite cool

the paying for the land, the owner would have a surplus of \$18 33 1 3, that is, more than 150 per cent, profit in the increased va-

lue of the land, in all 400 per cent. I am | not, you all must perceive, when you reflect, speaking of impossibilities, but of what you know can be done, and I have stated the mode of manuring in the most difficult and expensive way, and not in the usual way with carts, and yet the profit of manuring is such as you see it. To apply manure in the cheapest mode, that many of us have it in | Charlestown, at 11 o'clock, on Saturday the our power to do, it is probable, (if there is any truth in arithmetic,) in a degree that infinitely surpasses any other useful occupation. Therefore, gentlemen, it is self evident to me, that there is no more profitable business followed by men, than farming, if industriously and judiciously followed. It remains only for us to gather the best experience, and to make the best use of it to improverapidly our condition and consideration in the eyes of the world,"

FROM THE AMERICAN FARMER. Salem, N. C. 21st Aug. 1820. JOHN S. SRINNER, Esq. Sir-In the month of March 1803, travelling then in East Tennessee, near the French Broad River, I staid one night at a place, where my horse could get nothing else, nor had any thing else than raw corn, and that plentifully, as much as he could eat. In the morning the horse drank very freely, and I suppose too hastily, and too much at once.\* Having rode on, in less than a mile, my horse began to walk lame, supply of the very best DYE STOFFS, and I observed that he was foundered. A FULLERS CARDS, BRUSHES, &c. &c. able terms, by applying to DAVID WILSON. observing that my horse was foundered, told me, that as soon as I observed it, I ought to | borhood, as they are sold cheap have dug up a piece of sassafras root, and tied it to the bridle bit; he then alighted, and with his pocket-knife dug up a piece of that root, and assisted me in tying it to the bridle bit: then advised me, to lead my horse to the next plantation, about a mile distant, if I could get him there, and to make a strong decoction of sassafras root, and drench the horse with it, and he would be well. With some difficulty I got my horse to said plantation, put him into the yard, and had hardly time to unsaddle him, before he fell; and there he lay not being able to stir. I went at it immediately, dug up a quantity of sassafras root, washed them clean, boiled them in water, so as to make a strong decoction, and then poured out some in order to cool the sooner. By this time the landlord came home, who added some common salt to my decoction, say a small handful to a quart, and assisted me in drenching the horse, pouring down his throat a black bottle full of the decoction at a time. We had a good deal of trouble to do it, as the horse lay motionless on the ground, not being able to stir, and it was with difficulty that we raised his head. It was about ten o'clock in the forenoon, that ly, and repeated it in the afternoon, say once an hour. About four o'clock in the after-

ABRAHAM STEINER.

Edit. Am. Far.

JOHN MARSHALL, Sec'y. And Treasurer pro. tem. of the Charles-town Auxiliary Colonization Society.

### Cooper Stuff.

Regimental Orders.

of Major Benj. Davenport, will parade in

Shepherdstown, at 11 o'clock, on Friday the

THE second battalion, under the com-

mand of Lieut. Col. Hite, will parade in

Public Sale.

VAN RUTHERFORD, Col.

55th Regiment.

WM. P. CRAIGHILL,

Jas S. Lane & Towner.

WM LITTLE,

WM. GROVE.

To Fullers & Dyers.

at a distance, as well as those of the neigh-

Public Sale.

the 6th of October next, at the Glade Farm,

in Frederick county, near the Rock's Ferry:

Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, Household and

at ten o'clock, when due attendance will be

Colonization Society.

JAMES S. FERGUSON.

WILL be sold, at public sale, on Friday

Shepherdstown, Sept. 27.

27th day of October next.

28th day of October next.

THE first battalion, under the command

8,000 prime Staves and Heads, ready dressed, at t: e Shepherd's Town landing, for Cash, or on a liberal credit JAS. S. LANE, & TOWNER.

#### Threshing Machines. GEORGE WRIGHT, MAKER OF

Wheat Threshing Machines, Residing at Middletown, Frederick county, Virginia, will furnish at a short notice, in any part of the country, Machines of 3, 4, 5, or 6 horse power, made of the best materials and most approved construction, either to thresh and clean the grain, or to thresh only, and either fixed or moveable, at from 200 to subject of 400 dollars-One of his machines may be seen at John Yates' near Charlestown, Jefferson county, and others in the neighborhood of his own residence. Sept. 13-3t.

## RIFLE POWDER.

Only give it the proper direction and you will find it both quick and true.-Also, Soft Bar Lead, Shot and fire Flints for sale. JAS. S. LANE, & TOWNER.

# 10 Dollars Reward.

STOLEN on the night of the 13th inst. dollars for a woman or boy, that is one sixth of a man's yearly labor, two months riders and drivers of horses, particularly those of public stages, in the United States, to stop and wance in the white House, Jefferson county Va.

# A Brown Horse,

with a few white hairs on his fore head, and white nose; about 151 hands high, six years example. A cover of one inch thick of manure would, at this rate, cost 10 dollars hire, when the body is much heated. The preventive old last spring, and had new shoes on his fore feet. The above reward will be paid for returning said horse to the subscriber, and securing the thief so that he be brought to jussice, or five dollars for the horse only. BENJ. BOLEY.

# Save your Rags!

THE highest price will be given for clean linen and cotton rags, at the office of the Farmers' Repository.

BLANK DEEDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

### Fall Goods.

The subscribers have commenced opening

### New Fall Goods.

And will be regularly receiving until their assortment is complete Jas S Lane & Towner. Shepherdstown, Sept. 27.

# For Sale or Rent.

A VALUABLE farm, one mile from Alexandria, containing about 150 acres -WILL be sold, at the late residence of Also, for sale, a farm adjoining the above. Drusilla Rutherford, dec'd, on the 25th Oc- with valuable improvements upon it, contober next, a number of large Hogs fit for | taining two or three hundred acres, as might fattening this fall, some small ditto-Farm- suit the purchaser. Also a valuable mill ing Utensils of every description, several and farm on Shenandoah river, known by Milch Cows, young Cattle, and about 250 the name of the Ford mill, four miles from barrels of Corn at the heap. A credit of Harper's Ferry. Also a farm in Jefferson six months will be given on all sums above county, Virginia, 3 miles from Charlestown, containing between 3 and 4 hundred acres. Also a merchant mill, 2 miles from Alexandria, occupied by I. Janney; possession can be had of this property the 4th day of March next. Also a new house at the lower end of Duke-street, on the wharf, in Alexandria: possession can be had immediately. Also, for sale, a merchant mill on Shenandoah river, 12 miles above Berry's Ferry; any part THE subscribers have just received a fresh supply of the very best DYE STUFFS, of the above property can be had on reason-

> SAMUEL WILSON, WM. H. BROWN. Alexandria, Sept. 20-7t.

# Patent Shoe Thread.

SUPERIOR Irish patent shoe thread by the small or large quantity, for sale-Also,

# Old Port Wine,

Rich CHEESE, prime Mackerel and Her-Kitchen Furniture, Farming Utensils; Corn in the field, with other articles. Twelve months credit will be given for all sums J. S. LANE & TOWNER. above five dollars, by the purchaser giving bond with approved security. Sale to begin

# Fulling and Dying.

THE subscriber hereby informs the publie that he has taken Mr Beeler's Fulling Mill, at Mill's Grove, about three miles from Charlestown, and intends commencing business on the 1st September; after which THE demand for funds to carry into ef- time Cloth will be fulled, dyed and dressed feet the objects of the American Colonization in the neatest manner, and on the shortest Society, being very urgent at this time, the notice, Those who may favor him with subscriber has been, therefore directed, by their custom. may rest assured that every the President and Managers of the Charles- exertion in his power will be made to give town Auxiliary Society, to request. that the them satisfaction He will constantly keep subscriptions now due may be paid as soon on hand a Superior Quality of

### DYE STUFFS.

and will dye any colour that may here quired. The current price will be given for soft and hard SOAP, which will be taken in payment for Fulling, or Cash ISAAC PIDGEON, Jr.

·Philadelphia Bottled

### PORTER & ALE. A few dozen bottles superior Philadelphia

Porter and Ale for sale.

JAS. S LANE & TOWNER. Shepherds' Town, Sept. 6.

#### To be had at the Store of JEFFERSON & BROWN, REMARKS ON A SERMON,

Lately published at Winchester, on the Ministerial Parity. (Price 18 cents.)

CHEWING TOBACCO.

#### Delightful old sweet scent CHEWING TOBACCO, Spanish Cegars, Rappee and Scotch Snuff, and cut and dry Smoking To-

JAS. S. LANE, & TOWNER. Sept. 6.

# Rock Powder

For blowing rocks, of uncommon strength, by the keg or pound. J. S. LANE & TOWNER. Aug. 30.

### Bar Iron & Castings. We now have a complete assortment of

Bar Iron and Castings: The quality is much better than the gene-'rality of the Iron and Castings that has been in this place for several years past. J. S. LANE & TOWNER. Shepherdstown, Aug. 30.

FOR SALE, At the Store of Jefferson and Brown,

# A SERMON.

Delivered by the Rev John S Ravenseroff price 121 cents.—Also, Common PRAYLIR BOOKS,-price 50 cents.

# FARMERS' REPOSITORY.

CHARLES TOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

Vol. XIII.]

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1820.

[No. 653.

Tuesday, August 22.

They travelled by night and slept in tents by day. The Princess' bed had a small travelling sofa in it,

board the polacre again, on the deck of which a tent was erected as before. A bath was also pre-

pared on board for her royal highness. The witness

was employed to fill the bath, and Bergami came

down to try the temperature of the water. He

then returned to her royal highness, but handed

her down to the bath, entered the room with her

and they were shut in together. On one occasion

THE price of the FARMERS' REPOSITORY IS TWO Donasts a year, one dollar to be paid at the compolitaks a year, one dollar to be paid at the com-mencement, and one at the expiration of the year-ed to be absent for the night, and her Royal High-Distant subscribers will be required to pay the ness directed that a female attendant should sicep whole in advance—no paper will be discontinued, the night in her room. Bergami returned during the night, and, instead of retiring to his own apart-

Advertisements not exceeding a square, will be inserted three weeks for one dollar, and twenty-five minds of their Lordships? At this time her Royal cents for every subsequent insertion. All adver- Highness took a journey to Carisruhe, and in the tisements sent to the office without having the number of times for which they are to be interted, designated, will be continued until forbid, and charg- side of the bed, with his arm around her neck, and ed accordingly.

must be post paid.

#### FOREIGN NEWS.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 30. The fast sailing ship Magnet, Capt. Ogden, has just arrived from Liverpool, bringing London papers to the 23d of August. They are almost wholly occupied with the proceedings in the House of Lords on the trial of the Queen, the examination of the witnesses, &c. which was yet but just begun. The House of Commons have adjourned for four

TRIAL OF THE QUEEN. From Gore's Liverpool Advertiser of August 24. HOUSE OF LORDS, MONDAY, AUGUST 21. At twenty-five minutes after ten, the counsel for and against the bill, appeared at the bar. The Attorney General commenced by calling the attention of their Lordships to the period, at which he broke off his narrative on Saturday. He had then brought her Majesty to Catania; but he had neglected to state that Dr. Holland, the last remaining English gentleman in her Majesty's suite, had | of their eyes and ears; not a word was spoken, and previously quitted her during the Venetian tour .-At Catania, in March, 1816, her Royal Highness procured for Bergami the title of Baron in the Siciian Government; and here her Royal Highness sat for her picture, which she presented to Bergami, and received his in return. Her Royal Highness was also drawn in a picture, in which the portrait of the child of Bergami was introduced. Her Royal Highness then proceeded to Augusta, and from | gaged by any particular individuals thence she went to visit several places in the East; and in pursuance of that intention, went on board a gaged by Mr. Planta and Mr. Maule. polacre, which was attending her progress. Here. at first Bergami had an apartment distant from her Royal Highness; but, after a few days, a bed was placed for him in the dining cubin, and thus a communication with her Majesty's cabin was rendered easy, and it was made impossible but that if Bergami's cabin door was open, or her Poral Highness' open, they must be exposed to e chather's view. On board this vessel she proceeded to Tunis, and from thence to Utien. When on shore at the latter place, their hed rooms were situated as usual, and Berrami was seen going into her chamber one morning before she had risen, and remained there for some time. Afterwards her Royal Highness visited Savona, and here the apartments were so arranged that she had to go through Bergami's to get, to her own. They were here on the 12th of in her Royal Highwess' there was a large one; and on the following morning the appearance of the the medium of one of the interpreters, in the usual ther. I was hired to wait upon her Royal Highness, bed was such as to show that two persons had slept | form. Malto and from thence to Athens, at which place | She remained in the room appointed for her use, she arrived on the 22d of April, 1816. Here she, and was much affected. At ten minutes to four, was visited by a Captain in his Majesty's Navy. The Captain was introduced through a garden to house in St. James' square. She was cheered by an Alcove, where her Royal Highness was sitting with Bergami and the Countess of Oldi. On the entrance of this officer, her Royal Highness grose to receive him. but Bergami did not rise, though some time after he got up and quitted the alcove, without taking any notice of her Royal Highness. This was a familiarity speaking volumes in his mind. From Athens her Royal Highness proceeded to Ephesus. Here her Royal Highness retired to a vestibule, where dinner was served for her Royal Highness and Bergami: her Royal Highness sitting on a small bed, and Bergami on the ground beside her. And here, after dinner, she and Bergami remained for some time alone. From thence they proceeded to Aum, where her Royal Highness had her bed placed in a tent; and whilst in bed in this tent. Bergami was seen sitting on it without a coat, and in loose attire. From thence they proceeded to Jerusalem, and here she procured for him the Order of the Sepulchre; and, not content with that, she instituted an Order, which she called that of St. Caroline's; and after bestowing it on several of her domestics, made Bergami Grand Master-a laugh.-He was aware that this detail must excite a smile; but it shewed the infatuation, under which she labored. From Jerosalem, she again embarked for Jaffa; and the weather being warm her Royal Highness ordered a tent to be placed on the deck with a bed in it, and in the same tent was placed a hed for Bergami; and in this test they slept night after night; the beds close to each other, and having no veil between them. Her

Royal Highness on board this ship frequently had

a bath, to which Bergami always accompanied her.

and not her female attendants. On the 24th of

given to the demestics, who, on that occasion

August, St. Bartholomew's Day, a grand fele was

Chevalier Bergami: and the same thing had taken

place on the same day in the preceding year, whilst residing at the Villa D'Este After their return to

the Villa D'Este, Louis Reggoni's brother, was

made Prefect of the Palace, and his mother was

arrived at a late bour at the Palace with de-

spatches, considered it eight to deliver them imme-

distely to the Chamberlain, and was proceeding to

Berrami coming from her Royal Highness' cham-

ber with no other apparel on except a rebe de cham-

give some explanation, told the Courier he had

fore to her Royal Highness' room in consequence

of heaving his child cry, and desired that the cir-

constance should not be mentioned. Soon after

hand was purchased, and named the Barony de

Bergami, which was presented to the Chamberlain,

and her Royal Highness visited the place, accom-

lowed, scenes of the greatest and most disgusting

called Madame Livia. On one occasion, a courier

drank the health of her Royal Highness and the

licentiousness took place at her Royal Highness' wishing to interfere scrupulously against the learn- setting on her travelling bed, with Bergami near that night in her room. Bergami returned during except at the option of the Editor, until arrearages ment, he proceeded to her Royal Highness'. The female attendant was roused and ordered to retire, and Bergami was left alone with his mistress.— Coo'd this fact, if proved Pave any doubt on the in this bed was afterwards found, her Royal High-\* All communications to the Editor on business, hibited in the bed as left no room to doubt what had passed; and if proved would be convincing evidence of the adulterous intercourse, which hadtaken place between them. This circumstance occurred about February, 1817. The Attorney General concluded at twenty-five

minutes after twelve, and proceeded to call his The rolling of the drums without announced the Queen's arrival. In a few miputes she entered the

House, and took her seat. There was a greater vivacity in her countenance and demeanour than we have previously observed. The Solicitor-General then summoned a witness by name "Theodore Majocci," who was immediately attended to the bar. He was a robust man. large whiskers, and bushy hair. The Queen, on hearing his name, turned round and loudly screamed, "What!! Theodore!!" and hastily darted from her seat, through the door to her apartment, foilowed, after a short interval, by Lady Ann Hamilton. This was about half past 12 o'clock. Her Majesty had not been seated above three minutes.

The scream and exclamation of the Queen, ope-

rated upon the feelings of the House with electric

effect. Along pause succeeded. Peers, counsel, strangers, looked as if they doubted the evidence

five minutes elapsed before the proceedings were The Solicitor-General then gave directions for the interpreter to be sworn. Mr. Brougham begged to ask the gentleman who was in attendance as interpreter, previous to his being sworn, whether he attended on the part of the house collectively, or whether he had been en-

The gentleman observed, that he had been en-Mr. Brougham-"Mr. Planta, the Under Secretary of State, and Mr. Maule, Solicitor to the Trea-

The Interpreter-"I believe so." Mr. Brougham then observed, that he had been special y engaged, as he might conclude on the part priety of swearing in a gentleman whom he had engaged in the same capacity The oath was then administered to each succes-

sively, as follows: "You shall well and truly interpret, according to the best of your skill and understanding, between the several witnesses who shall be examined at the bar of this house, such matters as they may depose,

The witnesses, who maintained the utmost com-April, 1816. In Bergami's room there was no bed; posure, notwith tanding the extraordinary occurrence we have noticed, was then sworn, through saloon-He and the Princess took breakfast toge-

Her Majesty afterwards proceeded to Her Majesty did not again return to the House. I knocked at Bergami's door one night to she ordered her carriage, and was driven to her the few persons that were assembled; but she seemed too much absorbed in her own reflections to attend to them. As she quitted the House of Lords she said she was very unwell.

> EVIDENCE, Solicitor General-Your name?-A. Theodore Majocci. Solicitor General-Of what country are you a native?-A. A native of Solandi. Solicitor General-Is that in Italy?-A. Yes; about thirty miles from Lodi.

Solicitor General-Does he know Bartolomo Bergami?-A. He does. Solicitor General-Where did he first know him? A. In the service of General Pino. Solicitor General-At what time did he first know

him?-A. It was in the years 1813 and 1814. [Here the answer was given in mistake by the nterpreter, which occasioned much laughter.] (Answer continued)-Witness knew him there, occause he was also in the same service Mr. Brougham -- Can he (witness) speak or un-

derstand English?-A. He does not speak nor un- | Campbell went away. The Countess of Oldi was denstand English. Solicitor General-In what situation was Bergani serving General Pino. (There was some explanation between the inter-(There was some explanation between the inter-preters as to the reply to this question. After each other. They were divided by the saloon into which both seemed to concur, and the answer was

given "Valet.") This interpretation seemed to meet the sanction | arm in arm-twice at Milan, and often at Venice, of some noble Lords, as we observed several give | between 9 and 10 o'clock at night. Bergami dined a ned of approbatic

Solicitor General-In what situation was the wit- always afterwards, as well as I can recollect. Berness serving Gen. Pino? A. Postillion. Solicitor General-Does he know in what situation Bergami was in respect to his finances? A. He knew him well, because he (witness) was ledging dined with her.

in the same inn with him Solicitor General-That is not an answer to the question. To the same question represed. "He was more poor than rich."—(General laughter.) Does witness know what pay he then received? At that time he received three Milan livres per day. Does he know whether Bergami possessed any operty besides his pay? No.

ed as if it had not been slept in. From thence they solicitor General - What does he mean by no? went to the Villa D'Este, and thence to Genoa again property besides his pay? No.

his chamber for that nurpose, when he observed | He means that Bergami received nothing else, he Did witness leave General Pino's service before bre. Persami next morning, feeling it necessary to Bergami? Yes. Where did witness go, and into whose service did

he enter afterwards? To Vienna, where he entered the service of the Duke de Racamona. Did witness enter into any service in Naples? Proir return to Dirste, an estate in the neighbor- Yes; into the stable service of Murat. Whilst in that service did you see Bergami? Yes. When did he there see him for the first time? Mr. Brougham here wished to make an observa-

panied by Bergama. At the Carnival which fol- tion; upon which Lord Liverpool rose, and said, he was far from | were left tete-a-tete after dinner, and the Princess

house, under her observance, and without being | cd Attorney-General for the Queen; but he thought | her. Hence they proceeded to St. Jean d'Acre .-constrod by her. On one occasion, Bergami having the witness's answer should be first heard before any objections were made.

The Lord Chancellor said a few words, which decided the matter in question in favor of Mr. Brougham.

The Princess ded had a small traveling sold in the and Bergami reposed under the same tent with her royal highness. From the above place they proceeded to Jaffa, thence to Jerusalem, embarked on At the house of an individual named Bostelni, Solicitor General-That is not an answer.

(Question again repeated.) About that time? A. Before Christmas, Where did he see him? A. In a room .- (laugh.) (Question repeated.) At the house of her Royal Highness the Princess

of Wales. In what situation was Bergami at this time? A.

ntrance through the cabinet for the portman-

teaus to Bergami's room. At Genoa, Bergami

The Princess rode out sometimes in company;

Bergami accompanied her. Bergami put his arm

round her to put her on the ass; that is, he held her

hand lest she should fall. Bergami had more au-

thority than the other servants. There was an ap-

parent familiarity kept up between the Princess and Bergami. At Milan she first resided in the

house called La Castana, which belonged to the

family of Barromeo. At the house of Barromeo the bed chambers of the Princess and Bergami

were separated only by a wall. There was a stair-

case between the rooms, and two doors, one from the Princess' chamber, and the other from Berga-

mi's, led out to the staircase. The staircase was a

secret staircase, and there was a small apartment

near it where Louis Bergami slept. Her Royal Highness sometimes breakfasted with Bergami.-

She remained at Milan forty or fifty days. She

took a journey to Venice. Lady Charlotte Camp-

bell accompanied her from Genoa to Milan. I

knew the Countess of Oidi; she came into the ser-

vice of the Princess two or three days after lady C.

said to be the sister of Bergami. I knew it; but it

went to the Grand de Bretagne Hotel. The bed

which both bed rooms opened. I saw the Princess

walk out with Bergami, both at Milan and Venice,

gami sat sometimes on the right, sometimes on the

From Genoa they went to the Villeo de Lamo, on the Lake Como. Here there were two ways

of getting from Bergami's room to the Princess'--

one through two other rooms and one by passage

was not generaly known at tirst. At Venice we

breakfasted in a small room at the top of the grand

have heard me.

more water was required. Witness took it down, and Bergami received it at the door of the cabin. Witness could not tell whether the Queen was actually in the bath at the time or not. Witness recollected their landing again in Italy. Bergami Theodore Majocci's Examination. landed some days before the Princess, and the wit-In the beginning of the year 1815, Bergami became equery to her Royal Highness. Bergami ness remembered the affectionate leave taken betold me that he would, before Christmas hollidays, tween them, when Bergami kissed the Princess make me a present. Bergami wore livery. He most affectionately. Witness then related the cirdined at the table of the upper servants. Hierony-mus sometimes divided the duty of Bergami about cumstances attending their return to Villa d'Este, where they remained about six weeks, during which time the Villa Bergami became the property the Princess. The duty was taken by turns amongst the upper servants. In the morning when they to visit him there. Here likewise the sleeping of the Chamberlain, and her royal highness went carried the tray for breakfast, Hieronymus often rooms were situated as was usual. Two or three performed the service out of his turn. As to the balls were given, which were only attended by the coom of the Princess and that of Bergami, there was a corridor and cabinet between them, and on peasantry. Her royal highness afterwards proceedd on her journey to Bavaria, accompanied, as left was the bed room of Bergami. There was nothing else. On the other side of the room of Berusual, by Bergami and the rest of her suite. On gami there was a saloon. No person slept in the er arrival at Munich, they proceeded to the Golcabinet. The other servants were separated .den Stay, where the apartments, which her royal Bergami met with an accident, a kick from a horse, lighness had formerly occupied were prepared for when the Princess went to Aguan. It was necesner-but as the sleeping rooms were distant, some change was ordered by Bergami, in the presence of sary to bring him home. I did not do so. I waither royal highness. ed upon him. The first time I saw the Princess At this period, (a quarter before five,) the house was in presence of Hieronymus and Dr. Holland, who was dressing his foot. At first vinegar was brought in consequence of this accident. I was put to sleep in the cabinet for five or six nights. I The Interpreter took his station, and the witness say some body pass in the night-there was always Majocci was put to the bar. a fire in the room. I saw her Royal Highness pass through the corridor to Bergami's room twice dur-The Solicitor General resumed the examination of the witness who was under examination yestering this time-half an hour past midnight. She stayed there about 14 or 15 minutes. She passed Mr. Brougham was continuing his cross examination at two o'clock, up to which period no facts n her return, very softly and very near my bed not to see me. I heard only some whispers in Berwere elicited from Majocci, which invalidated in ni s room. Between 45 and 18 minutes she rethe slightest degree the testimony he had given. mained the second time, and I heard a whispering About twelve o'clo k the Queen arrived at the conversation. There was a small garden attached house of Lords, and after passing sometime in her private apartment, entered the body of the house. to the cabinet which was for the most part always locked, more often closed than open. Bergami The lords all rose and made their obeisance as her kept the key. I never saw her walk in the garden. majesty passed to her usual scat within the bar .--About a month, or 40 or 45 days she remained at The chair on which she was seated was turned round in a position to afford her a full view of the les, Bergami attended her. Some English left her Royal Highness, Mons. Sicard, Capt. Hesse, witness, to whom she is quite near-her veil was equery, as he was said to be-the Chamberlain, a up and she occasionally threw her eyes intently uptall man, I believe his name is Gell; he had two him. Shortly after she took her seat, she turnsmall mustachios. I do not know whether Mr. ed to Mr. Brougham, and uttered a few words, ap-Keppel Craven was one. I do not know him by name. A small lady, rather thin, left her also, but I do not recollect her name. From Naples I went to Rome, and from thence to Civita Vecchia. - We

parently in correction of the interpretation of a Her majesty, on her return to St. James' square, yesterday evening, immediately ordered her dinwent on board the Clorinde to Leghorn. A lady, ner, and having hastily partaken of that meal, she tall, rather fat, joined the Princess at Genoa, lady proceeded in her post chariot and four to Branden-Charlotte Campbell The Princess lived in a pa-lace on the road leading to Milan. Between Ecrurgh house, she seemed, on her departure, greatly to have recovered the agitation with which she gami's room and the Princess', there was a room was affected when she left the house. When her majesty retired to the little room appurposely for trunks and portmanteaus. In coming out from the Princess' room there was likewise

pointed for her use, adjoining the entrance to the house of peers yesterday, her manners were extremely harried. She threw herself in a chair, and for some time did not utter a syllable. As it was possible when she did speak that her observations might be overheard, Sir T. Tyrwhift peremptorily at no person should be permitted to approach her apartment. In about an hour, she was joined by Mr. Alderman Wood, with whom she awaken him, to fell him there were people in the room. It was half past one-Bergami made no anconversed for several minutes. swer, though I knocked so loud that Bergami must

This morning at 10 o'clock, there were not more than 20 persons collected at St. James' and those of the lowest description. Curiosity seems to have been satiated, and the enthusiasm even of the mob which we have described her majesty to have received, is almost entirely abated.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, August 21. Lord Castlereagh moved that the house at its ris-

ing do adjourn to Monday, Sept. 18. Lord F. Orsborne, declared, that he would do all in his power to prevent the bill from polluting even the threshold of the house—that rather than bepresent if it did come, he would vacate his seat -He moved an address to the king to prorogue the Parliament, till their assembling should be required for the despatch of business.

Mr. Hobhouse seconded the motion. After a few words from Lord John Russel, and from Lord Francis Osborne, the amendment (of Mr. Brougham) was negatived without a division-and the original motion for adjourning the house until that day four weeks was put and carried.

The house adjourned at a quarter past 6 o'clock. It is stated in a circular paragraph, sent to all the papers, that her majesty was perfectly aware that Theodore Majocci was to have been one of the witnesses against her. This seems singular, when we reflect on the consternation she expressed at hearing his name called, and finding him actually in her presence. We cannot help believing she was taken quite by surprise, and that the last man she expected to see in the hands of her accusers was "her faithful domestic Majocci." This man was a great favorite with Bergami, and those who have read at the table with the Princess, first at Genoa, and "The Memoir of the Queen," will probably recollect that it was Majocci who, posted in the anti-room of her majesty's chamber, at Genea, by the happy signal of firing a pistol, gave notice to his left, and sometimes opposite the Princess. The royal mistress of the approach of some persons who "penetrated so far as to her bed chamber."

> From the Boston Centinel of Sept 30. REVOLUTION IN PORTUGAL!

These apartments separate from the other apartments of the house. The witness was in the habit Arrived brig Jones, Capt. George G. of making Bergami's bed, and it frequently appear-Jones, 25 days from St Ubes.

Capt Jones informs, that there was a Reon poard the Leviathan. Visited the Court of Sicivolution in Portugal, and handed us the following Proclamations of the Patriots :and at Messina the Princess took a house .--Here there was a passage through the Countess PROCLAMATIONS

Oldi's bed room, communicating with those of the Soldiers !- Our sufferings are ended! Our Princess and Bergami. Had seen Bergami go into country in chains; your consideration lost; the Princess' room when not entirely dressed .-our sacrifices rendered of no avail; the Por-From thence they proceeded to Tunis, and on board a polacre to Catania. Whilst at Tunis she resided tuguese soldier reduced to beg alms - Soldiers, this is the time! Let us fly to the salsometime in the Palace of the Bey. Here also there was a communication between their bed vation of our country, and to our own salvarooms, which the witness described. She visited tion! Fellow Soldiers -come along with us the grotto of the seven sleeping men. Whilst here, Bergami dined with her royal highness, and they - Let us fly with our brothers in arms to organize a Provisional Government, who will

I The state of the boundaries and the

must also be indebted to us for her safety niteur: and tranquility. - Confide in a chief who never showed the way, but to honor. Soldiers, live the Cortes, and by them the National Constitution.

4th Regt, of Artillery, Bernardo Correra officers and sergeants of the corps composing de Castro Sepulvedo, Colonel 18th Regt. the garrison of Paris, were seduced, and Domingos Antonio Gil Figueredo Sarmento, Lieut. Col. 6th Regt. Sodo Perura de conspirators. Silva Leito, Lieut. Col. of Police Regt. Jo- Last night these officers proposed to go to the Major Com. Mara Militia.

ask for liberty regulated by the law. You the gens d'arms. yourselves, the victims of common evils, and justice not licentiousness. Give our ate a Provisional Government, in which we may place confidence.

It will call the Cortes together, who will Cortes, and through them the Constitution. Head Quarters, Porto, 24th Aug. 1820.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE UNIVERSAL.

Signed as above.

MADRID, August 31, 1820. Portuguese colonel of the 9th regiment of and of the imprisonment of its authors." infantry, had taken command of the province of M nho, general Wilson, who commanded ced; that all the offices held by the English had been given to natives; and finally that the liberty of the nation had been proclaimed at Lisbon, and

This information is confirmed by other expresses which have just arrived from Cludad, Rodrigo and Badsjos. It is said that they have adopted the Spanish Constitution.

the authorities arrested after some bloodshed.

PHILADELPHIA, OCT. 3. LATEST FROM EUROPE.

To the politeness of capt. Craycroft, of the fast sailing sehr. Tom, arrived at this port yesterday from St Andero, we are indebted for files of Spanish Gazettes down to the 1st Sept. We subjoin translations of some of the leading articles.

It would appear that the march of Revolutions had not closed. One of a very for- The letter bag was not brought ashore last midable and decisive character had just taken place throughout the Kingdom of Por- that prevailed. tugal, attended, as might be expected, with considerable bloodshed The revolutionists had proclaimed King John, as their constitutional King, and demanded a government

similar to that of the Spanish Cortes. This revolution, as that in Spain, was begun and effected by the Soldiery.

A con-piracy to subvert the Throne of the Bourbons, had been discovered in Paris, and the conspirators arrested. Such were the her Majesty. Eevery thing that Majocci vigilance and energy of government, that the had previously sworn with respect to the tranquility of Paris was not in the least interrupted by the discovery. The atmost tranquility prevailed through-

out all Spain.

Translated for the Philadelphia Gazette. REVOLT IN PARIS-REVOLUTION IN PORTUGAL, &c.

The following is extracted from the Government Gazette, published at Madrid, August 29, 1820.

BORDEAUX, AUG 23. "Interesting news from Paris arrived by

the 20th inst at half past 4, A. M. brought

"PARIS, AUG. 20.

vernment watched their steps. These fools | jects." thought it was in their power to overturn | (Signed) The Chevalier Sebastiano Dra- the throne and the institutions which France some of the Royal guard were among the

zi de Souza Pimentel de Faria, Major Com. barracks, to assemble the soldiers, to march Porto Militia, Joze Pedro Cardoza Silva, against the palace of our King, and proclaim as sovereign a member of the family of Bonaparte; but several of those, who were sup-Soldiers!-One will unite us. Let us posed to be seduced by perfidious proposimarch to the salvation of our Country. tions, informed their chiefs without loss of There are no wrongs that the Pertuguese time of the plot which was about to be put have not borne. Every patience is tried. in execution. The government could no The Portuguese, without safety in their per- longer delay. The persons concerned in assemble daily in St. James' square, to await A pestilential fever prevails at present at sons and property, demand our help. They this criminal conspiracy were arrested by the approach of her majesty, and greet her Milan, which carries off a number of persons

have lost the consideration your courage and tors was to get possession of Vincennes, several ladies were assembled, who pressed turbances had broken out at Bolegna avirtues merited. A reform is necessary; where a fire broke out about 3 P M. but to touch her clothes, and were perceived to mongst the students of the University of that but this reform must be guided by reason was soon extinguished This was done it is shed tears of sympathy and affection. All city, who had fought amongst themselves presumed to create confusion so as to favor the way to the house of lords the same lively with poniards. The disorderly had only helping hand to order. Oppose tumultuous a surprize. France has a right to expect scene was presented, and the same demon- been put down by the interference of the meetings. Smother anarchy. Let us crethat this attempt will be punished in such a strations of admiration evinced The sol- Austrian troops. manner as to strike a terror into those who, diers are most respectful, and seem to join forgetful of their duty and their oaths, wish in the sentiments of the multitude. be the organ of the nation; they will prepare tended for its defence Nothing should be Her Majesty arrived in town at 9 o'clock addressed to all the Sovereigns who signed to turn against social order those arms inneglected in order to bring to punishment this morning, preceded, as usual, by alder the Holy Alliance, to induce them to prepare Our King and Lord Don John, 6, being the authors and accomplices of a conspiracy, man Wood. The people assembled to see their contingents of troops, for the purpose which; directed against the throne and the her pass were few in number, and those few of opposing the revolutionary measures of who idolize him, will bless our labours. charter, thus attacks the feelings and the manifested but little enthusiasm. As she demagogues in the south of Europe. Long Live our good King-long live the most valuable right of every individual of the passed Carlton Palace she turned her eyes nation. The highest tribunal, that which the charter has empowered with the sup- of disgust. This seemed to please her fol- 10 battalions of chasseurs, 22 squadrons of presson of attempts against the security of the state by a salutary imprisonment, will,

of the greatest crime punishable by our laws. | did not notice a single respectable person. By an express which has arrived at this Free from all influence, incapable of lis-Court from Corunna, which place it left on tening to any improper suggestion, this authe 28th inst. we learn the following news gust tribunal will know better than any of the revolution in Portugal; that it was other how to recognize innocence, and dissicommenced in Oporto and its provinces by pate ill-founded suspicions, as it will also continue to insult the Duke of Wellington — not engaged in the examination of witnesses, the Portuguese, who proclaimed the Consti- know how to adjudge the guilty whomsoever Yesterday as the Duke was riding with the their proceedings related to subjects of the

the 6th; that several other garrisons had fol- tranquility. The citizens were apprized at mob. The Duke took it coolly, but the Queen's counsel to renew their cross examilowed this example; that D N. Barros, a the same moment of the existence of the plot Marquis made a full stop and demanded of mation of the witnesses in support of the bill,

> It is confidently asserted in Paris, that one of the objects of the last audience which Prince Esterhazy, the Austrian Ambassador to our court, had with his Majesty, was to make known to the King of England that the five years imprisonment of Buonaparte, agreed on in 1815, having expired, Austria will no longer be a party to his detention. and would no longer send out a Commissioner, in which sentiments Russia concurred.

VERY LATE FROM ENGLAND.

NEW YORK, OCT. 4. The Packet ship Albion, Capt. Williams, arrived last evening from Liverpool, bring ng accounts to the first September. Capt Williams has favored the editors of the Mercantile Advertiser with a file of the London Courier to the 30th of August, inclusive .evening, in consequence of a heavy storm

gressed to the 12th day, still engrossed the whole public attention.

The cross examination of Majocci closed on the 6th day, and the Times says-

tion on the exposure of the conspiracy a- ken up. She pointed out the writer of it, motion of Lord Liverpool, however, it was gainst the Queen, by the mere cross exami- who, being also taken, put the authorities in proposed that the cross examination should nation of the first witness produced against possession of the plot. We are uninformed be gone into immediately after the examina solitude of her Majesty's bedroom, now ap- that the circumstance was occasioned by the called for cross examination, if any new facts witness was housed and fed by the British Ambassador, Lord Stewart, a man of an ex- the festival of St. Louis. Several parts of lordship, at the same time, admitted that it tunes almost as rapid!"

Mail of August 28th, says-"Up to this time the only two credible witnesses examined, were the captains of the Clorinde and Leviathan, and their evidence acquitted the Queen of "improper familiarity with Berga- and the troops who form the garrison are counsel were called in, and Mr. Brougham House of Lords allowed of the daily publication of their proceedings! In this circum-"An express which left Paris on Sunday, stance originated the happy discovery of Ma- been slightly damaged, but no body has pe- the best effect. jocci's Gloucester connection, which at once rished. The commune is quite tranquil; In our paper of Saturday last we expressed

wa of which has been the origin of all the troops, and to lead them to the Thuilleries of the vessel in which her majesty sailed, the conspirators was to seize the Louvre. evils that oppress us. It is needless to par- for the purpose of declaring a member of the was drawn from their own mouths Seven and to penetrate, by the Grand Gallery of the declared of the family of Bonaparte sovereign of France - hundred and fifty dollars a month were all the Museum, to the King's apartments, one of you. It is in the name and preserv- this excess of madness and infamy will not go that the captain received for the freight of whilst, by way of a diverging, the soldiers ing of our august Sovereign Lord D. John unpunished. The authors of this execrable his vessel from the Queen of England; who were to have been gained were to have 6th, that we are to be governed. Our Holy plot are under arrest and will be tried — which, as he justly argued, after the wear had a skirmish on the Palace du Carousei Religion will be preserved As our efforts What Frenchman, what native of Bordeaux and tear of his ship, after he had paid and with the Guards of the Palace. are pure and virtuous, so God will bless our is there who does not shudder to find, that | fed his crew, left little enough for himself: | Madame Eliza Bacciochi, sister to Boha efforts The soldiers who composed the there exist men who dare to attempt the debrave Portuguese Army will run to embrace thronement of the best of the Louises, a de engaged, he at once gains, even by his own no, has, it is said, died at Trieste, of a nerour cause because it is also theirs. O sol- scendant of Henry the 4th, for the relation | confession, (and the public may rely on it | vous fever. diers, power is ours, we therefore must not of a tyrant who has devastated France for 20 | they don't know all yet,) One Thousand Dol- | Letters from Ancona state, that preparaallow tumultuous meetings if our country years, and twice delivered it up to foreigners. lars a month! net! lear of expenses! without tions were making in the Carche for the reis indebted to us for her salvation, the nation The following is the article from the Mo- the wear and tear of his ship-without pay ception of the Austrian troops expected and feed of his crew! This fellow, there from Lombardy. fore, is enriched for life; and the same may this day—henceforth let the cry be from the projects of some individuals, always ready to rate they are obliged to pursue their crimi- longed to the second regiment of the guards.

go Valente de Brito Cabrura, Col. of the owes to her king. A certain number of the ther the Counsel should be permitted to absconded. ocross examine the witnesses in the manner they desired, which was finally determined the King on Sunday. upon by a majority of five. Lord Erskine All the barriers of Paris were shut from then moved that the house adjourn, to afford eleven o'clock on Sunday night till seven on time for the Queen to prepare for her de- Monday morning. Since then the passage fence; and that a list of the remaining with has been perfectly free. The Gendarmerie nesses against her, with a specification of was reinforced at all the points, and stationthe time, and places to which their testimony ed at new ones. would apply, should be furnished her. On An agent of the Queen of England is at Contents 160.

> LONDON, AUG. 28. Crowds of respectable persons continue to from Paris with the most enthusiastic acclamations - particularly strangers It appears that the plan of the conspira- As her majesty left the house on Saturday, Letters from Italy state, that serious dis-

in an opposite direction with an assumed air for Italy, consist of 32 battalions of infantry, lowers, who noticed it with cries of "brave," and loudly clapping of hands. In the winwithout doubt, be encharged with the trial dows of Pall Mall and Cockspur-street we they will receive the orders for their ulterior Courier.

LONDON, AUG 30. The concourse of people who assembled Marquis of Anglesea, they were again pur- highest importance. A question had been stitute, and their august sovereign Don John The city of Paris enjoys the most perfect sued with the hissings and hootings of the raised on Saturday, as to the right of the the persecutors, "why do you hiss me?"- | after the interval which will be allowed them Loud shouts of "The Queen! the Queen!" for inquiring into the condition and charac-LONDON, Aug. 21. | was the only reply. His lordship said "if ter of the you want me to do any thing contrary to my dence in defence; and on this point a long conscience, I must tell you, I would rather you ran me through the body." This caled forth a shout, but the next moment the cry of "The Queen," was renewed, and the be obliged to proceed in the cross examina-Marquis put spurs to his horse and left them. The Horse Guards are in future to be on duty to prevent a repetition of similar out-

> PARIS, AUG. 21. The Court of Peers is ordered to assemble

The Court Royale of Paris, all the Cham- opinion were the Earl of Lauderdale, Lord cret sitting, which is supposed to relate to Liverpool, Lord Ellenborough, Lord Gren-

the conspiracy. by a fortunate but most singular chance - warmly for allowing the cross examination to A female, who was accustomed to read the go on, without any limitation whatsoever, newspapers at the Thuilleries, in returning in order to counterbalance the refusal of the the journal she had borrowed, left in it, un- list of witnesses and specification of the charawares, a letter that had just reached her .- ges, and that a cross-examination was expe-The trial of the Queen, which had pro- This letter was to the effect of advising her dient, previous to the interval to be granted instantly to quit Paris, in order to avoid the for preparing the defence, in order to preconsequences of a revolution that was about vent the evidence brought forward against to break out. This letter fell thus into the Queen from going out to the public, and strange hands, was read, and the female to remaining for weeks and months unsifted, "We believe we may congratulate the na- whom the letter had been addressed, was ta- unquestioned, and unanswered. On the at present, how far the burning of Vincennes tion in chief, but with a claim for counsel to was connected with this plot. It is asserted apply for permission to have any witness renegligence of a workman who was employed or circumstances respecting such witness there in rearing the fire arms to be used at should come to their knowledge; but his the building received some damage from a would not be proper for the house to come partial explosion; succour was prompt and to any decision upon the rule suggested, un-On the 9th day, the London Evening abundant; at four o'clock the fire was mas- til the counsel against the bill were heard as tered; no person was hurt; luckily three to any objection which they, for the interest

the establishment of the rule proposed. On Since this event the castle has been closed, this proposition having been agreed to, the placed under a countersign. Gen. Dejeau and Mr. Denman addressed their lordships repaired to the castle on Saturday evening, in speeches that will be read with peculiar and passed the night there. The castle has interest, and that were calculated to produce

call the Cortes to make a Constitution, the on the 19th, to excite a rebellion among the Gargiui and Paturzo, the captain and mate | least disorder has taken place. The plan of

PARIS, AUG. 22. "The government has been for some time be said of his mate. Never was swearing The late conspiracy has not at all interyou must not judge the greatness of our advised of the existence of plots for exciting paid for at such a rate in either Italy or rupted the public order. The number of the cause by the simplicity of our language; wise the troops to rebellion. It was assured that England before. And here we would stop military arrested does not exceed 25, and men will one day record this deed, greater the excellent spirit which animated the for a moment, and advise the votaries of vilthan a thousand victories.—Let us sanctify French soldiers would render abortive the lany to consider at how much more costly a We add, with regret, that some of them be. bottom of our hearts, Long live the King sacrifice their honor and the repose of the nal enterprize than those who are addicted distinguished by its sentiments of honor and Don John 6th - Long live the Army - Long country to their pride and avarice The go. to the enjoyment of innocent and legal obtheir conduct has commenced. It appears, From the 9th to the 11th day, the House they did not dare to confide their project to were engaged in discussing a question whethe soldiers. Some of the conspirators have

All the Foreign Ambassadors waited on

this motion there were Contents 61; Non- present in treaty for purchasing, in the name of her Majesty, a very large property, situated in the Forest of Schart, a short distance

VIENNA, AUG. 9.

There is much talk here of a confidential

The Austrian troops, now on the route light cavalry. They will arrive between the 16th and 24th inst. at Treviso, where destination. There are now strong Austrian garrisons at Bologna and at Comma-

From the Statesman, Aug. 29.

fence, they might then state to the House

any knowledge they may have obtained, as a

ground for again calling any witnesses to the

bar, and putting to them such questions as

the house should have sanctioned Of this

ville, and the Lord Chancellor; while, on

and interesting discussion ensued. On the part of the supporters of the bill, it was contended that the counsel for the Queen should tion, without delay, according to the practice in the ordinary courts of law; and, after the lapse of time to be allowed them for the de-

mmediately, to proceed without delay to the rial of the individuals arrested at Paris. bers being assembled, held yesterday a se- Manners. Chancellor of Ireland, the Earl of

The manner in which government first re- the other hand, Lord Erskine, the Marquis ceived an intimation of the conspiracy, was, of Lansdowne, and Lord Grey, argued barrels of gun-powder, and one of saltpetre, of her majesty, might have to urge against were withdrawn in time.

to the Prefect the "Moniteur" of that day, damned his evidence. The acknowledge- and, notwithstanding the immense crowd our confidence that, whatever might be the which contains the news of an attempt made ment of the immense bribes received by which the festival had attracted, not the ultimate result of the proceedings before

Parliament, the Queen would be acquitted in the minds of the people. A serious atteation to yesterday's debate, and its probable result, impels us to say, that we feel that ! confidence increased Our readers will ob. serve the luminous and argumentative spee ches of Lords Erskine, Lansdowne, and Grey tween the United States and the British coand the no less luminous and powerful 4d- lonies, as defined by the treaty of 1783; and dresses of Mc. Brougham and Mr. Denman, that they will shortly meet in New York, and upon the question touching the postponement | make up their reports. It is said the new of the cross eximination of one of the witnes- line between Maine and Lower Canada will sea; and they will notice with concern the throw a large territory into the former, time and temper of his Majesty's ministers. which is now considered as part of Lower-We are told that this odious proceeding by Canada; and, on the other hand, that the abill is necessary, because it is a case stand- line between New York and Canada, on ing on its own peculiar cir umstances. This, Lake Champlain, will leave Rouse's Point offitself, is a departure from the good old (on which the United States have expended rules of liw However, for the argument between two and three hundred thousand dol sake, let it be taken upon the shewing of the lars in fortifications) within the British prosupporters of the bill It is a peculiar case. | vince It is further said, that a proposal "Very well." says her c unsel-" give us a has been discussed by the Commissioners, for list of the witnesses." "No," say the supporters -- we must be governed by the rules understood, and that the territory which when he escaped from jail "From appearto this privilege, except in cases of treason, for the fine military station on the Lake, had been some days in a state of agony, the it is pretty clear to every person of ordinary Our friends in Maine think the Commissionunderstanding, that, for purposes of the bill, | ers have no right to run the line agreeably the case is legislative or it is judicial; but, to the proposed compromise; and loudy

one nor the other. From the language yesterday of the sup- do on the subject will be definite, and must porters of the bill many anxious friends of the be confirmed by the nation. The treaty Queen were apprehensive that the decision stipulates that the commissioners shall have in Congress, by large majorities The total of the house would prove unfavorable to her | power, to determine what are the boundary | number of votes given in was nearly, if not Majesty's interests; but, from the course points mentioned in the treaty; to make a which the discussion is taking to day, there | map of the boundary they shall agree upon, is reason to hope that the arguments and particularizing any points they may deem eloquence of Mr. Brougham and Mr. Denman will ultimately triumph.

EXTRAORDINARY CASUALTY. KEENE, (N H ) SEPT 23.

In our last, mention was made of the re-

Campbell, of Windsor, and Messrs T. and J. Emerson, of Norwich The former owner and importer of the animal, Captain Abraham Roblin, of the city of New York, in a few days of er the sale, was called home by urgent private business, where he inciden-Vt on Tuesday last where the elephant was | man, belonging to Nantucket. exhibiting, and intended to remain with him several days On their way to Westmore. land and this town, on Tuesday night, between 12 and 1 o clock, they attempted to pass the bridge over Connecticut river. Maj Curtis one of the owners, and a colored man were forward and Capt. Roblin, and another colored man, each on horseback, were in the rear of the elephant They passed in safety until near the gate on this side, when, in consequence of some delay in opening it, the elephant stopped between the last pier and the abutment. Major Curtis had succee ed in opening the gate, but the elegave way, and the elephant, the two horses, and their riders, were precipitated, together with the falling timbers and planks, a distance of forty six feet on to the rocks! The two horses were instantly killed; Capt. Rob lin had his thigh broken, his head very much bruised, and received such injury in the spine, and the whole system, that he lived but about four hours, retaining his senses to the last. The colored man had his leg broken only, which was amputated, and he is likely to do well . The elephant weighing between three and four tons, the reader would naturally suppose, was instantly killed. Not so. He appears to have fallen upon his back or breech, and is doubtless injured internally, but it is difficult to ascertain to was unable to bear his weight, and appears lage of Westmoreland, where this noble animal now lies, much in distress. The Horatio is a male, and in size, we should judge, one third larger than the fe-

ners intended to winter him in Boston.

sympathizing strangers.

bri 'ge over Bellow's Falls is dead from the ty, in which unfortunate affair Mr Hungerwill not lie for the purchase money against overtake him. I am, &c. the owners of the bridge?

NATIONAL BOUNDARIES.

BOSTON SERT. 27.

The Commissioners under the Treaty of Ghent, we learn, have completed there labours to ascertain the boundary lines befor the defence of the Queen, it is neither the protest against it But it would seem by the proper; and if they concur in those points, both nations agree to consider such map and declaration as finally and conclusively affixing said boundary." We give these as hearsay, although the spirit of them is from a correct source, and have no doubt the report, whatever it may be, will be made in that cent purchase of a large elephant, Horatio, liberal spirit which has been found in all the Benjamin H. B. Latrobe, the distinguished artist. then at Wo dstock, by Messrs Cartis and other proceedings of the Commissioners.

> NANTUCKET, SEPT. 21. We understand the noble ship Clothier, under command of Alexander Clark, has sailed | Friendship shudders at the Toesin of Death,

from Stonington, on a skinning voyage, with tally learnt that the new keepers of the ele his squadron consisting of one ship, two phant were unable to control him, with other brigs, and a schr. well ar ned and manned, particulars, (not founded in fact.) which in- with the intention of exploring the newly dis dueed him, purely from benevolent motives, covered land south east of Cape Horn nexions, not to be filled, but by length of time, and instantly to return. He arrived at Putney, | Commodore Clark is an enterprising young | a combination of consolatory reflections and cir-

NEW YORK, OCT 4,

The following letter gives a most melancholy account of the distressed situation of the city of Savannah. Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Savannah, to his friend in Newark, dated Sept. 19, 1820. This will inform you that this city is in great confusion, terror and dismay-people fleeing from it in all directions The dis of spurring him forward with their whips, generally are. Several of the doctors are the negroes as from the sickness. Yesterday 15 had concerted matters to break open one of the banks in open day light-but some person heard them consulting, and they were secured If we have nothing from them worse than that, it will be more than l'expect."

FREDERICKSBURG, (VA.) SEPT. 30 In noticing the tragical end of Mr. Tho mas Hungerford, in our paper of the 20th inst an important error was committed in stating that Mojor Middleton of Westmore land county, was the person from which Mr what extent. Wednesday morning he was H received his mortal wounds Such ap peared to be the most authentic information to have but little use of his hind legs. In see that the mistake originated in the similari the afternoon they got him upon an ox sled, ty of the fwo names. In justice to the reswith eight yoke of oxen, assisted by men pectable gentleman tous misrepresented, and with drag ropes, drew him up the steep bank, to whom we owe every reparation in our Capt. Williams, is ordered to parade on Sapower, we gladly publish the following let- turday the 21st inst. before the door of the ter, which places the transaction correctly

before us. To the Editor of the Virginia Herald. male which was shot at Alfred The ow- Sir: In your paper of the 20th inst I observe an account of a difference stated to Every attention was paid to the unfortu- have taken place between " Major Middlenate Capt. Roblin, which it was possible to ton and Mr Thomas Hungerford, both said offer. Medical aid was immediately procure to be of Westmoreland county, in which it ed in the vicinity, and Maj Curtis, full of is stated that Mr Hungerford received one grief and trouble, came immediately to this or more stabs from the penknife of his antatown for Dr. Twitchell, who arrived only a gonist, which put an almost immediate perifew moments before he expired. He was od o his ife" It affords me much pleasure about 42 years old, and has left we are in. to state, that the utmost harmony and friendformed, a wife and three children, whose ship have ever existed between these two feelings on the receipt of this awful intelli- gentlemen, and that the above statement is gence must be poignant in the extreme The incorrect; and that, in justice to Col Midfuneral solemnities took place on Thursday, dieton you will please give this an insertion and were attended by a large concourse of in your paper. The unfortunate affir alluded to in your paper took place betwee . Tho. of business will be punctually attended to. mas Hungerford and a man by the name of The Elephant, which lately fell from the Charles Miffleton, both of King George couninjury caused by that accident, having bros ford received three or four stabs from the ken his back and several of his ribs. He dirk of his enemy, which immediately put a quality for sale, at a kiln on Capt. M. Ranwas purchased by his late owners for ten period to his life The said Milleton has son's farm, adjoining Charles Town. Apthousand dollars - Quere, whether an action | fled from justice, which, it is hoped, will | ply to

M. M. MARMADUKE.

THE REPOSITORY.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11.

MARYLAND ELECTION.

The question is settled as to the political omplexion of the Executive of Maryland for the next political year, The Republican party retains its ascendency by a majority of

wo votes on joint ballot. We copied from an Indiana paper some days ago an account of a monster of human nature, by name John Deahman. By a paper of subsequent date, it appears, that his body has been found in the woods, about 13 miles from New Albany, half devoured by beasts or birds of prey, but recognized by ground being very much heaten up, his garments scattered in different directions, and the body naked"

treaty, that whatever the Commissioners new State has resulted in the Election of Missouri - The first Election in the Alexander McNair as Governor of the quite, ten thousand.

> MARRIED. On Tuesday evening, the 26th ult. by the Rev. a fair price for my labour and seed - posses-George Snyder, Major John N. Muntosh, of the sion may be had on the lst day of January U. States' Army, to Miss Sarah Ann Rockenhough, next I will treat privately for the land, and

On the 3d ultimo, at New Orleans, of the fever, At Georgetown, on Saturday the 30th ult. Capt. THOMAS BROOKE BEALL, President of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of that place.

COMMUNICATION. Humanity weeps at the ravages of disease-

Sensations, the most solemn have been excited, in many of the people of Jefferson County, at the news of the death of FERDINANDO FAIRFAX, Esq. formerly, for many years, a resident amongst uscumstances. Jefferson contains his once favorite estate and residence, which he adorned by constant hospitality, to gentle and simple, whilst living thereon. For a course of years his benevolence invigorated the arm of honest, struggling industry. His public and private acts of generosity bore testimony that his heart was philanthropic: Indeed, he seemed to look around, and above, and beyond himself; and to feel, and to wish to feel, that it was his duty to be an active friend to the whole creation of God! Let no one deem lightly of the tenor of his way, if under the influence of feelings like these, he sometimes brought upon himself dilemmas, which his more adroit neighbors in worldly matters imagine they could, with his large estate, have easily avoided. Possessing urbanity of manners ease proves fatal to all—young and old, black and white, residents or non-residents. The and heart not often found in this world of aberation phant remaining still, Capt. Roblin and the Physicians are candid enough to declare they and fickleness, he was often indeed the victim of colored man advanced, and were in the act can render no assistance if taken as they his own credulty and too sanguine hopes: But he is gone from amongst us, and has left a world of when one of the cross timbers on that side of dead; they say you may call the disease the is sweet-Let his friends cease to mourn. But a turmoil-To a numerous acquaintance his memory the bridge, (which proved to be defective.) Plague, or the yellow fever which you short while ago, and the bright and benevolent will be held at the Court House, in Charlesand into which the plank timbers running please. Persons attacked, seldom live more than three days. The deaths are from 12 to 17 per day of whites; and it is considered a very old man. A few weeks since, and his firm that there are not 1000 left here at this time. and agile step, and lively converse, seemed to give States. I think there is as much danger now from an earnest to a circle of estimable acquaintances, of many a pleasurable meeting:-Now he lies low, death, by "the tomb of his Father!"

Peace to the memory of the virtuous man. 

The School Commissioners Are requested to meet at the Court House Charlestown, on Monday the 20d inst.

THEATRICAL.

ON Tuesday evening, the 17th October, he Thespian Society of Charlestown, will perform the celebrated Comic Opera of the Bee hive, with the laughable and much admired afterpiece 'Tis all a Farce. For particulars see the bills of the day.

COMPANY MUSTER. printing office, Charlestown, precisely at 11 o'e ock. JOHN AVIS, 1st. Serg't.

Charles Button,

O t. 4.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has established himself at Harper's Ferry, where he will carry on the SADDLE, HARNESS, & TRUNK making business, in the meatest and most fashionable manner, and at such prices as are suitable to the times He flatters himself from his experience in the above line that he will be enabled to give general satisfaction, so as to merit a share of patronage Specimens of his workmanship can be seen at his shop, where all orders in the above line Oct 11-3m.

Fresh Burnt Lime.

Three Thousand bushels of an excellent

John Spangler or John Whitson.

Land at Auction.

I SHALL offer for sale, to the highest bidder, on the prem ses, on the 4th of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day, the tract of land on which I reside, containing

About 475 Acres, in Jefferson county, on the Opequon creek, eight miles west of Charlestown, and about four hundred yards of Wm. Cameron's valuable Manufacturing, Plaster and Saw Mills, and from one to four miles of several other first rate Merchant Mills. In addition to the many advantages and conveniences which this farm possesses, there are on it bold and never faiting springs of fine lime stone water; and I am waranted in saying, that it may be classed among the best grain farms in the county, and from the adaption of the soil to clover and plaster, the facility with which stock can get to water, it would make a first rate grazing farm About 260 acres of the land are cleared, upwards of forty of

which are prime bottom land Aware of the difficulty of raising money at this time, I have made up my mind to take a price commensurate to the crisis, and if a moderate sum can be paid in cash, I would take bonds, such as I may approve, due and bearing interest, for the balance of the first payment: and I will also take bonds becoming due in a moderate time, for any part or the whole of the subsequent payments, with substantial personal security, or a Deed of Trust on the land. About Seventy Acres will be seeded in wheat in fine order and in good time, which the purchaser may have at if a sale be effected previous to the 4th of December, notice will be given.

After the sale of the land, on the same day, horses and stock of every description, plantation utensils, corn, fodder, &c &c will be sold on a credit (except the corn) of nine months for all sums above five dollars, and for any purchase to that amount or under, the cash must be paid-the corn will he sold on three months credit. Bond and approved security will be required If the land be not sold I will rent it, if a suitable tenant offers.

WM. P FLOOD. N B. Mrs Whiting will sell her life interest in a very valuable farm, containing between 6 and 700 acres, the late residence of Francis Whiting. Esq. dec'd-it lies about one mile from my farm. W. P. F.

The Berryville JOCKEY CLUB RACES,

WILL commence on Tuesday the 21th day of this month, near this place, over a handsome course The first day 4 miles heat, second day 3 miles heat, third day 2 miles and repeat. The purse will be respectable, and collected as usual

By order of the Board.

Presidential Election. next, to elect twenty five electors to choose a President and Vice President of the United

> BENJAMIN DAVENPORT, DANIEL MORGAN. ROBERT G. HITE.

Commissioners appointed by the Executive to superintend the Election.

Oct. 11.

NEGROE FOR SALE. I am commissioned by a gentleman to sell a family of Negroes-a very valuable man, his wife and three children : altho' cash is the only object for selling them, if any inducement to purchasers, a short credit can be had for a part of the money-apply to WM. P. FLOOD.

Oct. 11.-3t.

Jefferson County, To wit.

September Court, being the 25th day of the month. Thomas Marshall, Plaintiff,

Hugh Williams Evans, John W. Prentis, and Robert E Carter, merchants and Co partners in track under the name and firm of Prentis & Jas. S Lane, Defts. IN CHANCERY.

The defendants Hugh Williams Evans. & Prentis and Carter, not having entered their appearance and given security pursuant to the act of Assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfation of the court that they are not inhabitants of this commonwealth. It is ordered that they appear here on the fourth Monday in November next, and answer the bill of the complainant, and it is further ordered that the defendant, James S Lane, do not pay, convey away, or secret any monies by him owing to, or goods or effects in his hands belonging to the absent defendants Hugh Williams Evans, and Prentis & Carter, until the further order of this court: And that a copy of this or er be forthwith inserted in the Farmers' Repository, printed in Charlestown for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said county of Jefferson

A Copy .- Texte, R. G. HITE, c. J. C.

#### From the Albany Ploughboy of July 29. VETERINARY

ALBANY, July 25, 1820. Dear Sir-I was to-day applied to by a gentleman to cut the Lampas out of a horse's mouth. I told him that it was never considered as a disease by scientific prac titioners of the veterinary art, and that beperform it, but that I would inform him how Henry A. Barro to remedy the evil, as he said his horse would | Seely Bunn, 2; not eat, I did so, and it is simply this-to | Ann Brown, rub the upper part of the roof of the mouth. which you find on those occasions red and swollen, with coarse salt, three or four times | Mary Ann Buckly, a day-to throw in his manger also a few | Frances Bigbee, ears of the hardest corn; and thus, a few days will totally remedy the evil.

I cannot suppose that any person, possess- William Brent, ing the least experience, should fall into the Thomas Beecham, ridiculous and absurd belief, that horses are | Catherine F. Boord, subject to that imaginary disease called Lam- Mr. Brown. pas Because, examining the palate or roof of the mouth, would be quite sufficient to convince a judicious investigator, that the | Ward Conaughway, supposed enlargement cannot deprive the animal of his food; since it is not in the least sore, or shows any signs of sensibility on pressure. And again, it is well ascertained that the palate is not the least concerned in the mastication of food, the maxillary teeth Calvin Chaddock, and tongue being the only instruments engaged in the parformance of this function. John Dicky,

It is true that the front teeth and tongue have to draw the hay out of the rack, and also cut the grass when grazing; but this office is so easily done, that the horse could do it without any teeth at all.

It is not a fact known to every one, that horned cattle, such as oxen, cows, sheep, &c. draw the forage out of the rack, and cut their grass, though they have no front teeth in their upper jaws We may therefore reasonably conclude, that this error, as well as many others in respect of horses, proceeds from the want of knowledge of the different state and progress of the parts which constitute the animal machine; together with the unaccountable obstinacy of the stabularian philosophers, the generality of whom are too ignorant to be convinced, and no reformation can be expected in their infernal system of quackery, unless gentlemen will condeseend with authority, to abolish a custom, of the impropriety of which, the judicious and enlightened will agree in opinion; for the operation of cutting and burning the palate with a red hot iron, does not only prevent the animal from eating his food for some | Benj. Heller, weeks, but it is frequently attended with the most serious consequences by opening of the palatine artery, which has bled many a horse to death for want of proper assistance. On this account, therefore, I feel myself perfeetly justified in recommending most heartily to every gentleman owning a horse, or possessing the least attachment for their species, never to suffer that cruel and barbarous operation to be performed, for the reasons before mentioned. If, however the parts are very red and very swollen also, you | John Avis. may just scarify with the point of a sharp penknife, or prick it with a large darning needle After this it continues to flatten, as the teeth grow, without any other inconve-

These are facts I can venture to assert, Edward Burnham, both from the experience as well as practice of many thousand instances .- I shall now John Best, beg leave to close this subject, by the follow- William Bagant, ing remarks viz:

That the cutting and raising the frog from Wm. Chrisfield, Jacob Cooper, Daniel Cremor, the ground to keep the foot in health-the cutting out the haw of the eye, to cure in Philip Coons, flammation and lock jaw-and the operation | Joseph Colber, of burning for the Lampas, under the idea of curing a lisease that never exists, can by no means be reconciled to common sense

Should the above information be found worthy, please to give it an insertion in your

I am, sir, with respectful esteem, your obliged friend. J. CARVER. S. Southwick, Esq.

#### PUBLIC LANDS. From the Indianian.

The late act of Congress, making further provision for the sale of public lands, having somewhat changed the situation of lands which become forfeited to the government for the non payment of the purchase money, it may be interesting to many to know the situation in which those lands are placed, agreeably to the construction of the existing laws on that subject. At the expiration of the five years from the date of the purchase. if a tract he not paid for, it is liable to be of fered for sale by the register of the land office, unless further indulgence be given by Congress, for whatever may be due to the | Charlestown, at 11 o'clock, on Saturday the government, and expense of sale. If it sells | 28th day of October next for more than is due, the overplus goes to the original pur haser, or his representative; if the amount due be not bidden, the land then becomes forfeited to the government .-It is not then liable to be re-entered immediately, as heretofore, but remains until the President shall think proper, by proclamation, to direct it to be sold; for which purpose sales are to be kept open in the different land districts for two weeks, whenever fattening this fall, some small ditto-Farm- Duke-street, on the wharf, in Alexandria: he shall so direct. At this sale the lands ing Utensils of every description, several are to be offered in half quarter sections, for Milch Cows, young Cattle, and about 250 for sale, a merchant mill on Shenandoah riwhatever they may bring over \$1 25 per barrels of Corn at the heap. A credit of ver, 12 miles above Berry's Ferry: any part acre, the whole amount of which will go to six months will be given on all sums above of the above property can be had on reasonthe government. Such tracts as may not five dollars. sell for \$1 25 per acre may be entered at that price after the sales are over.

SAM'L GWATHMEY Reg. L.O. August, 1820.

#### List of Letters Remaining in the Post Office, Charlestown, Va. on the 30th September, 1820.

George Pearl,

Chas. M. Perry,

Joseph Pearson,

Eliza Potter,

John Perkins,

M. Partridge.

William Paker.

John Rodgers,

William Talbot,

William Taloe,

Mathew Thomas.

William Vestal, 5.

Wm. C. Washington,

Lucretia Walraven,

James Wallingsford,

Ann Whiting,

Aquilla Willet.

Ed. Williams,

Dan'l Wright,

Sam'l Whells,

Thimothy Winn.

H. KEYES, P. M.

James Yerkes.

George Little.

Geo. Malleory,

David Nichols.

John Moore,

John Ogden,

John Peacher, 2;

Wm. D. Phealan.

Jesse Randal, 2;

Gairy Robinson,

John Smallwood,

Henry Taylor,

Philip Strider, 2; John Spalding,

Jonathan Shupe,

Christina Webb,

Leanah Wright,

John Wheatley.

R. HUMPHREYS, P. M.

Regimental Orders.

THE first battalion, under the command

of Major Benj. Davenport, will parade in

THE second battalion, under the com-

Public Sale.

WILL be sold, at the late residence of

VAN RUTHERFORD, Col.

WM. P. CRAIGHILL,

WM LITTLE;

WM. GROVE.

Jno. M. Weidmeyer

Harper H. Williamson,

John Upperman, 2;

Simon Shover.

Mary Smith,

John Strider,

Ann Vestal.

Harman Road,

John Roof.

Thomas Malleory,

David Mires, Sarah P. Middleton,

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office, at Haper's

Ferry, on the 30th Sept. 1820.

John Robison,

Joseph Rose,

George Reynolds, 2;

Benjamin Allen, 2;

Capt. Z. Buckmaster.

James Anderson, 2;

Alexander Anderson,

Henry A. Barron,

William Brickle.

William D. Burnitt

Benjamin Beeler.

Margaret Clemments,

George Carne,

Jacob Crowell.

Patrick Daugherty,

Rev. Mr. Dodridge

Ezekiel Deen,

George Evans.

John R. Flagg, 6.

Gilbert Gibbons.

Villiam Grove.

David R. Gist,

Thomas Gallion

Joshua Huton,

Catherine M. Good

Catherine Hamilton,

Ann A. Hammond,

Elizabeth Hall.

Maria Heath,

I. B. Henry,

Catherine Bird, 2;

William Brown.

Benedict Edelen,

William Fisher.

John Griffeth.

Thene Green,

Rollins Jett,

Jno. Jamison,

Sept. 27.

Thomas Keyes, 3.

27th day of October next.

Sam'l Gray,

Doctor Washington Du-

Catherine Crane.

Julia Ann Crawford.

Elizabeth Crucherville,

Mordica Booth,

Joshua Burton, James Boreing,

at the house of Jeremiah Reynolds, on the Robert Y. Jack, 2; farm known by the name of Fleetwood, the Elizabeth Jones. following property, to wit: Six head hor-ses, one wagon, five sets geers, and one fifth Malon K. Laneaster, John Lock, chain-three halter chains, eighteen head Thos. Likens, of cattle, six calves, fifty head of hogs, thirty William Little, 2; two shoats and pigs, five bar shear ploughs, two harrows, four shovel ploughs, two John Losttetter. sets swingletrees, three weeding hoes, two, Mr. Mosselman, mattocks, one grubbing hoe, one chopping John Moyers, ax, three dung forks, two pitch forks, two. Robert W. M'Curdy. scythes and cradles, five large hogsheads, one Bishon Wm. M'Kendree corner cupboard, four walnut tables, one John A. M'Pherson, pine ditto, one walnut press, one desk, one William Morgan, Doct. Wm. M'Gruder, candle stand, nine chairs, two feather beds, Edmond Mane. and bedding, two straw beds and bedding, Doct. Gabriel P. Nash, wagon saddle, one dinner pot, one dutch Jonathan Nixon. oven, one frying pan, one skillet, one tea ket- Messrs. Mich. Lee & Co. Ann Nichols. Nathaniel Offutt, 2.

> 16th October, 1820. S. W. LACKLAND, Dep. for Daniel Morgan.

50 Dollars Reward.

WAS stolen out of my stable, in Middle-

Sheriff's Sale.

WILL be sold, on a credit of 3 months,

Stop the Thief!!

Benj. Spriggs, Doct. Straith, burg, on Saturday night the ninth inst. a John Saunders, large bright bay horse, saddle and bridle, Jacob Senneff. Alex. Smith, William F. Shreck the horse near sixteen hands high, eight or nine years old, black mane and tail, nicked Thos. Snowden, 3: & carries his tail to the left side, has a scar on Gustavus Shope, one of his fore ankles, windgalled, was a little Henry Smith, lame when taken-rides remarkably well, Mr. Noah Ridgely, John Spangler, George A. Smith, trots, paces and canters, (paces unusually well John Scott, which is his most common gait ) The saddle Casper Seebers. half worn or more, yellow stirrups, the bri-Mary B. Saunders, 2; dle a small snaffle plated bit, fair leather, Thos. Sanford. plated buckles at the cheeks. Elishe Toys,

WM. COOK who is supposed to have stolen the horse is an Irishman, pretends to be a barber, from five feet to five feet six inches high about twenty-five years old black hair, small black whiskers, round face, black eyes, very much pockmarked, and freckled. his nose a little crooked, round shouldered, speaks quick, and walks short and brisk. I will give the above reward for the Borse quantity of the Elixir in this part of the and conviction of the thief, or twenty dollars | country. I am, sir. &c

NOBLE BEVERIDGE.
Middleburg, Loudoun Co Va. Sept. 27-6w.

### To Fullers & Dyers.

THE subscribers have just received a fresh supply of the very best DYE STUFFS, FULLERS CARDS, BRUSHES, &c. &c. worthy the attention of Fullers and Dyers at a distance, as well as those of the neighborhood, as they are sold cheap

Jas S Lane & Towner. Shepherdstown, Sept. 27.

Colonization Society. THE demand for funds to carry into ef. away a vast quantity of very small worms. feet the objects of the American Colonization Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Society, being very urgent at this time, the subscriber has been, therefore directed, by the President and Managers of the Charlestown Auxiliary Society, to request, that the

as possible. JOHN MARSHALL. Sec'y. And Treasurer pro. tem. of the Charlestown Auxiliary Colonization Society.

subscription's now due may be paid as soon

## Threshing Machines. GEORGE WRIGHT,

MAKER OF Wheat Threshing Machines, Residing at Middletown, Frederick county Virginia, will furnish at a short notice, in any part of the country, Machines of 3, 4, 5 or 6 horse power, made of the best materials and most approved construction, either to thresh and clean the grain, or to thresh only, and either fixed or moveable, at from 200 to 400 dollars-One of his machines may be seen at John Yates' near Charlestown, Jefferson county, and others in the neighborhood of his own residence. Sept. 13-3t.

### For Sale or Rent,

Shepherdstown, at 11 o'clock, on Friday the A VALUABLE farm, one mile from Alexandria, containing about 150 acres .mand of Lieut. Col. Hite, will parade in Also, for sale, a farm adjoining the above, with valuable improvements upon it, containing two or three hundred acres, as might suit the purchaser. Also a valuable mill and farm on Shenandoah river, known by the name of the Ford mill, four miles from Harper's Ferry. Also a farm in Jefferson county, Virginia, 3 miles from Charlestown, containing between 3 and 4 hundred acres. Also a merchant mill, 2 miles from Alexandris, occupied by I. Janney; possession can Drusilla Rutherford, dec'd, on the 25th Oc- be had of this property the 4th day of March tober next, a number of large Hogs fit for next.

able terms, by applying to DAVID WILSON, SAMUEL WILSON, WM. H. BROWN. Alexandria, Sept. 20-7t.

# Fall Goods.

The subscribers have commenced opening their supply of

# New Fall Goods.

And will be regularly receiving until their assortment is complete Jas S Lane & Towner. Shepherdstown, Sept. 27.

### Family Medicines.

FOR SALE. Wholesale and retail, by W. & J. LANE.

two large bedsteads, two trundle ditto, one LEE'S famous Antibilious Pills.

tle, six wagon bags, one hand saw, one I have taken but two doses of your duti-

drawing knife, and one carpenter's, square - bilious Pills, and I am quite relieved from to satisfy arrears of rent due William P. that sickness of the stomach, giddiness, or Craighill, from said Reynolds Sale will which has troubled me for some time I commence at 9 o'clock, A. M. and on the shall recommend them to all my friends in similar cases. Your humble servant, G. C. COLLINS.

Front street, Balt. THESE mush esteemed Pills have been for many years prepared in Baltimere by the present proprietor, as many of our most respectable citizens can testify, and a number of them have readily and gladly given certificates of their great value as a family

#### LEE'S ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Catarrhs, Asthmas, sore Throats, and approaching Consumptions.

Cheraw Court House, S. Carolina.

SIR-Being afflicted with an obstinate cough for more than seven years, which has never yielded to any remedies, though numbers have been applied, until I procured a few phials of your LEE'S ELIXIR, for the cure of colds, obstinate coughs, &c. which gave me considerable relief, and which, could I procure immediately a sufficient quantity will, I feel confident, by being sufficiently used, remove the most distressing complaint that I or the human race have ever been subject to. I have not a doubt but that I shall be the means of your disposing of a great

CHAS A. SPARKS. Lee's Worm Lozenges.

THE proprietor has now the pleasure of stating that the following case came under his immediate observation: His little daughter, about 5 years old, appeared very visibly to lose her flesh: no particular cause could be given for her thus pining away; she was at jength taken with fevers, which, with other symptoms led him to believe she had worms; he gave her a dose of Lee's Lozenges, which brought away, incredible as it may appear, two worms, the one fifteen and the other thirteen inches in length, each three fourths of an inch round; he has given the Lozenges to another of his children, which brought ITCH.

Warranted to cure by one application, free from Mercury or any pernicious ingredient. This vegetable remedy is so mild, yet efficacious that it may be used with the utmost safety, on the most delicate pregnant lady, or on a child of a week old.

Lee's genuine Persian Lotion. The Persian Lotion operates mildly, rendering the skin delicately soft and smoothimproving the complexion.

Lee's Ague and Fever Drops, warranted to cure if taken according to the

Lee's Grand Restorative and Nervous Cordial. A most valuable medicine for great and general debility, nervous disorders, loss of

appetile. &c &c. Lee's Essence and Extracts of

Mustard, An infalible remedy for sprains, bruises rheumatism, numbress, chilblains, &c. Lee's Indian Vegetable Specific, A certain and effectual cure for the Vence

real and Gonorrhaa. Lee's Tooth Ach Drops, which give immediate relief. Lee's Tooth Powder, which cleanses and beautifies the teeth. Lee's Eye Water, a certain cure for sore eyes.

Lee's Anodyne Elixir, for the cure of head aches. Lee's Corn Plaster, for removing and destroying corns. Sold on most pleasing terms wholesale, by

the Proprietor, at his Family Medicina Ware House, No. 68, Hanover street, Baltimore, and retail in almost all the principal cities and towns in the union. 83-Please to abserve that none can be Lee's Genuine Family Medicines without the sig-

nature of Proprietor, NOAH RIDGELY, Late Michael Lee, & Co. March 1.

BLANK DEEDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

# FARMERS' REPOSITORY.

CHARLES-TOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

Vol. XIII.]

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1820.

[No. 654.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

DOLLARS a year, one dollar to be paid at the comment, and one at the expiration of the year. it subscribers will be required to pay the whole in advance-no paper will be discontinued, except at the option of the Editor, until arrearages

Advertisements not exceeding a square, will be inserted three weeks for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for every subsequent insertion. All advertisements sent to the office without having the number of times for which they are to be inserted, designated, will be continued until forbid, and charg-

must be post paid.

#### From a British Magazine

GENEROSITY OF PAUL JONES. This distinguished person was the son of a small farmer a few miles from Dumfries, and impelled by that love of enterprize which is so frequently to be met with among the peasantry of Scotland, he se ms to have eagerly embarked in the cause of the colonies against the mother country. Whether he was actuated, in any degree, by the sense of the injustice of Britain towards America at the onset of his career, or merely availing himself of the opportunities in which revolutionary was fare so greatly abounds, to rise from his original obscurity, it is now, perhaps, impossible to determine, and unneces sary to inquire. But it will be seen, from the letters we are going to lay before our readers, that. in the progress of his adventurous life, he well knew how to employ the language of men inspired with the love of liberty, and that he was honored by some of

its warmest friends in both hemispheres. cially among adventurers who have risen from the condition in which Paul Jones was amiable lieutenant lay mortally wounded, The examination of Louisa Dumont, a originally placed of more enlarged views besides near forty of the inferior officers and waiting maid of the Queen's, from whom Majucci and his wife, and two children more generous feelings-and a more disin- crew killed and wounded. A melancholy important testimony was expected, comterested conduct, than the following letters | demonstration of the uncertainty of human | menced on the afternoon of the 30th, but | ten france a day, his wife five, and each of his exhibit, combined as these are with senti- prospects. I buried them in a spacious grave, was not finished when the House adjourned. ments of relentless hostility towards the claims of his native country.

In the progress of the revolutionary war, which there were about three hundred sail. | mestic happiness, and I am cisive before daylight, when he was obliged amongst mankind.

same day, was the plunder of lord Selkirk's | mine, let me entreat you, madam, to use | umph. Let us, however, rest assured that, are well given in the following letter, which he addressed to Lady Selkirk, and which has not before been printed:-

"RANGER, BREST, Sth May, 1778. "Madam :- It cannot be too much lamented, that, in the profession of arms, the omcer of finer feeling, and of real sensibility, should be under the necessity of winking at the actions of persons under his command which his heart cannot approve; but the reflection is doubly severe, when he finds himself obliged, in appearance, to countenance such actions by authority.

"This hard case was mine, when, on the 23d of April last, I landed on St. Mary's Isla Knowing Lord Seikirk's interest with his king, I wished to make him the happy instrument of alleviating the horrors of hopeless captivity, when the brave are overpowered and made prisoners of war. It was perhaps fortunate for you, madam, that he was from home, for it was my intention to have taken him on board the Ranger, and to have detained him, until, through his means, a general and fair exchange of prisoners, as well in Europe as in America, had been effeeted

When I was informed by some men whom I met at landing, that his Lordship was absent, I walked back to my boat, determined to leave the Island. By the way, however, some officers who were with me, could not forbear expressing their discontent, observing, that in America no delicacy was shown by the English, who took away all sorts of moveable property, setting fire not only to towns, and to the houses of the rich without distinction, but not even sparing the wretched hamlets and milch cows of the poor and helpless, at the approach of an inclement winter That party had been with me as volunteers the same morning at Whitehaven; some complaisance, therefore,

was their due. I had but a moment to think ; THE price of the FARMERS' Repository is Two how I might gratify them, & at the same time, do your Ladyship the least injury. I charged the two officers to permit none of the sea men to enter the house, or to hurt any thing about it; to treat you, madam, with the utmost respect; to accept of the plate which was offered; and to come away without making a search, or demanding any thing else. I am induced to believe that I was punctually obeyed, since I am informed that the plate which they brought away is far short of the quantity which is expressed in \*, \* All communications to the Editor on business, | the inventory which accompanied it I have gratified my men, and when the plate is sold I shall become the purchaser, and will gratify my own feelings, by restoring it to you by such conveyance as you shall please to .

"Had the Earl been on board the followng evening, he would have seen the awful omp and dreadful carnage of a sea engagenent; both affording ample subject for the pencil, as well as melancholy reflection for the contemplative mind. Humanity starts back at such scenes of horror, and cannot ; but execrate the vile promoters of this de-

For they, 'twas they, unsheathed the ruthless blade, And Heaven shall ask the havock it has made. was disputed with great fortitude on each casions than one. side for an hour and five minutes, when the Mr. Wilde cross examined this witness, victory declared in favor of the Banger His | points.

In February he conveyed some American ly unfettered by the little m-an distinctions | dered as strong presumptive evidence. vessels to the bay of Quiberon, and, on his of climate or of country, which dominish the A ministerial paper of the 30th of August-

suaded you will attempt it-and who can re- suffering people. sist the power of such an advocate?) your In answer to the address of the Hammer "I hope this cruel contest will soon be The Times of the 31st, in its leading arti-

duty to merit it.

your most obedient and most humble ser-PAUL JONES.

'To the Right Hon. the Countess of SELEIRE, St. Mary's Isle, Scotland."

SUICIDE .- At Rutland, Vermont, Mr. Hiram Greeno, aged 20, put an end to his existence by taking a quantity of opium. He was about to be marof very bad character, which induced the fatal act.

### FOREIGN NEWS

NEW-YORK, oct. 6. "The ship Thames, Capt. Peck; arrived from London yesterday afternoon. We understand she brought but one paper-the Times of the 31st of August-one day later than the papers by the Albion. We have had the persal of this paper, in connection with the Editors of the Post, Gazette and Mercantile Advertiser, and have selected every article of interest. The proceedings of the House of Lords in relation to the up to half past two o'clock of that day, was

Two witnesses were afterwards introduced, viz. Paoli Ogini, under cook to the accustomed military honors. Her majesty Queen, and Louisa Dumont. The examinations of these two fill more than five close columns; and we have not room to day to ve our usual summary. Paoli Ogini, who was in the service of the

published in this paper last evening.

Princess of Wales as under cook, deposed to his knowledge of Bergami, before he formed part of the Princess' household. He first reside at Windsor, during the remainder of knew Bergami at Lodi, in 1808-1809, and the summer months. saw him in prison there. He remembered balls being given at the Barona by the Prin-"The British ship of war Drake, mount- cess, which were attended by the country | pers. to all the world, as one of the principal ing twenty guns, with more than her full people in the neighborhood, farmers' daughcompliment of officers and men, hesides a ters, the wife of an inn keeper. &c. but no number of volunteers, came out from Car. persons of any rank in life. None of the norickfergus, in order to attack and take the bility in the neighborhood attended He Continental ship of war Ranger of eighteen | knew Mahomet. He described, like the guns, and short of her compliment of officers other witness, the laseivious dance which he known to have been the principal personand men; the ships met, and the advantage performed before the Princess, on more oc-

There are probably few instances, espe- gallant commander of the Drake feil, and but merely as to trivial and unimportant

with the honors due to the memory of the She advanced to the bar with a degree of confidence which even the penetrating glance | which he left at Como, and which is paid by "Though I have drawn my sword in the of Mr. Brougham, who eyed her from "top | the Enlish government." Paul Jones obtained the command of a squad | present generous struggle for the rights of | to toe," did not at all affect | She swears to ron, with which, in 1778, he undertook to man, yet I am in arms merely as an Ameri many of the improprieties charged to the annoy the coast of Great Britain On the can, nor am I in pursuit of riches. My for- Queen, which her station in the bed cham-2d of December, 1777, he arrived at Nantes, | tune is liberal enough, having no wife nor | ber of her mistress enabled her to witness; and in January he repaired to Paris, with the family, and having lived long enough to but up to the time of the adjournment she view of making arrangements with the Ame- know that riches cannot ensure happiness. had testified to no let of guilt, though the rican ministers and the French government. I profess myself a citizen of the world, total- circumstances she relates would be consi-

return to Brest, communicated his plan to benevolence of the heart, and set bounds to has the following article: "Guilt, like all-Admiral D'Aruillers, who afforded him philanthropy. Before this war began, I had, other things, has its degrees and palliatives. every means of forwarding it. He accord- at an early time of life, withdrawn from the The pains and penalties sought for against

house, in St Mary's Isle, near the town of your soft persuasive arts with your hasband, if a contrary verdict should be given, no Kirkcudbright The particulars of this to endeavor to stop this cruel and destruct thing will be done, under the excuse of her event, and of the action which succeeded, as - tive war, in which Britain never can succeed: crime, against the sacred laws of God, which well as the motives upon which Jones acted. Heaven can never countenance the barbar- proclaim unmerited divorce to be unmerited ous and unmanly practices of the Britons in tyranny. The country looks with confi-America, which savages would blush at, and | dence to the decision of the peers, who are which, if not discontinued, will soon be re- to consider not only the question of the taliated in Britain by a justly enraged peo Queen's guilt, but what is due to pity and to ple. Should you fait in this, (for I am per- | mercy, and to the sympathy of a brave and

endeavors to effect a general exchange of men Society, the Queen says, "However prisoners will be an act of humanity, which severe my trials may have been, I trust they will afford you golden feelings on a death | will ultimately be productive of good to myself, and to the people of these realms."

closed; but should it continue, I wage no | cle, states that the public begin ardently to war with the fair! I acknowledge their pow- wish that the Commons had not adjourned er, and bend before it with profound submis- for so long a time; relief being expected sion! Let not, therefore, the amiable Coun- from some step of theirs From the course tess of Selkirk regard me as an enemy; I of the examination, which has yet proved am ambitious, of her esteem and friendship, nothing, the character of the witnesses and and would do any thing consistent with my | the general state of feeling in the country, we even expect that something will be done. "The honor of a line from your hand, in The effect of a successful examination a answer to this, will lay me under a very sin- gainst the Queen, would have been to induce gular obligation; and if I can render you | the nation to suspend its general testimonies any acceptable service, in France or else- of regard towards her; but it appears that where, I hope you see into my character so | though myriads have addressed her majesty. far as to command me without the least | the number and the importance of the adgrain of service I wish to know, exactly, dresses by no means cease or decline. The the behaviour of my people, as I determine same journals throughout the metropolis and to punish them if they have exceeded their | the country contain in one column the filthy details of the Italian witnesses against the . I have the honor to be, with much es. Queen, and in the next the affectionate ad teem, and with profound respect, madam, dress of British subjects, expressive of the increasing regard of the nation. This could not be the case if the evidence for the prosecution, coming forth before that of the de tation with Messes Denman and Wilde, the fence is known, made any impression what- result of which was highly satisfactory morals of the nation may be injured by the a late hour, having received explanations and

ed for praying for the Queen, had done no-

thing to merit such treatment. Her majesty has since been regularly prayed for in that

Paris papers of the 27th had reached London. They are said to contain nothing of importance.

The queen proceeded to the house of lords yesterday morning about 11 o'clock. Her majesty was received by the people along the line of her route with the liveliest demonstrations of esteem and affection, but the Queen, contained in this paper, are only of crowds in the streets, owing to the unusually the 30th of August-an abstract of which, early hour, were not so numerous as they were on Tuesday. The centinels presented arms as her majesty passed, and she was received on her arrival at the house with the went to her private apartments, where Mr. Brougham attended her.

The witnesses called in the house of lords resterday, were sworn on a New Testament bound in black moroeco, with a white cross on the part which they kissed. It is said that his majesty will continue to

The name of Theodore Majocci-was announced some time since in the Paris pawitnesses against the queen, and the account was transcribed in all the English newspapers. Is it then probable that her majesty alone should be ignorant of the circumage in devising and planning the prosecution against his mistress In an article dated Vienna, July 26, it is stated, "Many of the Italian witnesses against the queen of England have been here with lord Stewart, lord Custlereagh's brother. Among them is one-These witnesses are well paid; Majocci has children four, besides an allowance of 150 francs a month for that part of his family

#### LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

The arrival of the ship Herald at Boston n 20 days from Liverpool, brings London dates to the 2d September. The following items of intelligence are furnished by the Boston papers:

Accounts have been received in England from the expedition to the artic regions of America, dated in January last, at which ingly left Brest, and sailed through the Bris sea service, in favor of 'calm contemplation | the Queen cannot be enforced without a vio- at Cumberland house. The cold was very tol channel without giving any alarm. Ear. and poetic ease? I had sacrificed, not only lation of the laws of God and man! Let severe—the thermometer at 30 below 0. ly in the morning of the 23d April, he made an attack on the harbor of Whitehaven, in fections of the heart, and my prospects of do-He succeeded in setting fire to several ves fice my life also, with cheerfulness if that secure even a kingly husband's honor at he house of peers assembled August 26, and y to sacri- graded Queen, but nothing can be done to the season would permit. The French sels, but was not able to effect any thing de forfeiture would restore peace and good will expense of those laws which the three es. ordered the attorney general to proceed tates of the realm have sworn to keep invio. | with the process, against the conspirators, "As the feeling of your gent'e bosom can- late. Let us hope that the innocence of our They appointed a committee of twelve on The next exploit, which took place on the not, in that respect, but be congenial with | Queen may be established, and all will tri. | the proceedings relative to the conspiracy. Some disorders had taken place at Brest. A paragraph under date of Rome, August 15, represents Benevento and Ponte Corvo as in a state of complete anarchy. It is said that the emperor Alexander is about to visit Vienna. An article dated Vienna, August

16. says that the object of his journey is to take into consideration with his ally, the emperor of Austria, the present state of Europe, and that the king of Prussia has been nvited to the interview. The duke of Cambridge was expected at Vienna. Papers of September 1st, mention that further arrests had been made and that the house of peers were to be assembled as a court of justice for the trial of agents in the late conspiracy It is stated that two persons had been arrested in Beigium and sent to Paris. The Abbe de Pradt had been tried before the court of Assize for a libel, and acquitted. French five per cent. stocks. August 29th, 78f. 20c. Fifty houses have been destroyed by fire at Cashel, Ireland. The Neapolitan soldiers at Palermo were still detained prisoners. At a meeting of "house holders and married women of the parish of Marylebone," a resolation was passed for providing by subscription, a princely annuity for the queen. A great carnage is said to have taken place at Constantinople betweeen the Janissaries and some other troops. 250 houses were destroyed by fire at Smyrna on the 13th July, Affairs are said to remain unsettled in Italy, The national guards of Brest have been disbanded for insubordination; and the Sub-Prefect dismissed from office.

London, Sept 1. Her majesty on reaching Brandenburgh house, on Friday night, had a long consul-

ever to the detriment of her majesty. The These learned gentlemen left her majesty at daily reports in the journals, but its faith instructions which confirmed their confidence cannot be shaken. It is too well known in the strongest manner, as to the ultimate what her majesty suffered before from a result of the proceedings now in progress. conspiracy against her life as well as honor. On Saturday morning, in conformity with It has been decided by the Presbytery, her usual habit, her majesty rose at an early N. Y. Columbian. | that the Rev. Mr. Gillespie, who was arrest- hour. She breakfasted with Alderman